

Mentoring for Success

Wendy A. Goldberg, Associate Dean, School of Social Ecology Rossella Santagata, Equity Advisor, School of Education New Faculty Orientation September 20, 2016

Today

- Why have faculty mentoring? Types of mentoring
- Two mentoring scenarios
- Mentoring: Best practices
- Institutional mentoring: Preliminary data
- Resources available

Why have faculty mentoring?

- Fosters an inclusive and transparent faculty culture
- Combats myths
- Confidential and constructive resource for career advancement
- Can raise your profile in School and on campus
- Way to obtain feedback on delicate issues or plans before approaching Department Chair
- Linked to important outcomes

Types of Faculty Mentoring

- Formal Mentoring
 - National
 - Systemwide
 - University
 - ADVANCE
 - School/Department
- Informal Mentoring

Scenario: The Tenure Meeting

- Assistant Professor Kimberly Smith joined the department two years ago. She would like to submit her file for review as soon as possible.
- This is her first meeting with the department chair to discuss her progress towards tenure.
- The Department Chair, Dr. Ted Steward, is struggling to meet the demands of his research and his responsibilities as Chair.
- Associate Professor, Dr. Susan Clark, wants to be promoted to Full Professor this year.

Discuss with others at your table...

- How would you describe the Chair's behavior?
- What are some specific ways the Chair could provide more mentoring for Dr. Smith?
- How can the Chair facilitate Dr. Smith's success in the tenure process?

Scenario: Junior Faculty Crunch

- Same actors, different roles
- Department Chair sees herself as proactive.
- Assistant Professor has limited experience with step-system or politics in academia.
- Chair knows that some faculty were against this hire; they thought she was too junior and not ready for an Assistant Professor appointment.

Discuss with others at your table...

- In what ways was the Chair effective? What could she have done differently?
- In what ways was the faculty member effective?
 What could she have done differently?

Share: Best Practices

- Choose 1 or 2 ideas for improving these interactions that came from your table discussion
- Choose a table member who will share these "best practices" ideas with the whole group

What do these scenarios highlight?

Importance of mentoring for faculty success

CAREER

- Research and publication guidance
- Work/family balance
- Equity in service and teaching

PSYCHOSOCIAL

- Friendship, collegiality
- Climate, fairness
- See Douglas Haynes, "Suggested tasks for faculty mentors", http://advance.uci.edu/ADVANCE%20PDFs/SUGGESTED%20TASKS%20FOR%20FACULTY%20MENTORS.pdf
- See Stacy Blake-Beard, "One size does not fit all: Mentoring for Career Success"; Invited presentation, UCI, November 4, 2011.
 - http://advance.uci.edu/2011_mentoring_conference_materials.html

What do these scenarios highlight?

Both mentor and mentee contribute to the success of the relationship

- Clear and realistic expectations
- Shared responsibility
- Active listening
- Self-disclosure and confidentiality
- Provide feedback
- Time for reflection
- Proactive behavior
 - Help make your mentor a sponsor
 - See Douglas Haynes, "Career Advising Basics: 1 to 4" http://advance.uci.edu/ADVANCE%20PDFs/Career%20Advising%20Basics.Careeradvisingbasics.pdf
 - See Stacy Blake-Beard, "One size does not fit all: Mentoring for Career Success"; invited presentation, UCI, November 4, 2011.
 http://advance.uci.edu/2011 mentoring conference materials.html



"Will you be my mentor?"

Faculty Success Program (FSP)

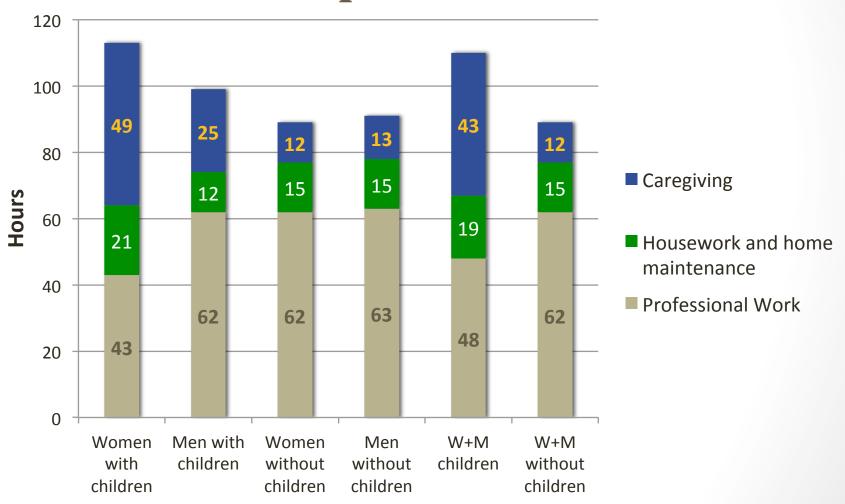
- Part of the National Center for Faculty Development & Diversity
- 12-week Boot-Camp designed to "transform your personal and professional life"
- Goals:
 - Balance research, teaching, and service
 - Improve time management skills
 - Create a consistent daily writing routine
 - Develop a network of support and accountability
 - Develop a network of mentors

At UCI, we seek data about our programmatic initiatives!

- Spring 2015: Launched UCI ADVANCE-supported survey of faculty in FSP
- Currently have 6 cohorts of participants
- Survey domains
 - Work-family interface
 - Knowledge and utilization of family friendly policies
 - Perceived impact of FSP

Pre-program data, immediate post, 6- and 12-month post

Pre-program: Time spent on caregiving, housework & professional work



Preliminary Conclusions

- Faculty enrolled in FSP to: (1) improve their work-life balance and (2) increase their productivity
- Program goals: (1) publish more, (2) increase work-life balance and (3) improve time-management skills
- Daily writing considered to be the easiest and hardest component of the FSP to implement
- Majority of faculty reported that their research productivity had increased, that they wrote daily, that their time management skills increased, and that their priorities were clearer
- Half or more of faculty participants reported that their goals for the FSP were met

Resources to help you cultivate a network of mentors and support

UCI ADVANCE

http://advance.uci.edu/CareerAdvising.html
http://advance.uci.edu/ResourcesWorkLife.html
http://advance.uci.edu2011_mentoring_conference_materials.html

National Center for Faculty Development and Diversity;
 K.A. Rockquemore

https://facultydiversity.site-ym.com/
https://www.insidehighered.com/users/kerry-ann-rockquemore?
page=1

Questions?

